CERTIFICATE PROGRAMME ON GENERAL AWARENESS (12 WEEK DURATION)



SCHEME AND SYLLABUS

Sh. Mahesh Kumar Verma Course Coordinator

Dr. Kishore Kumar Director

सहकारी प्रबन्ध संस्थान, जयपुर

(राष्ट्रीय सहकारी प्रशिक्षण परिषद, नई दिल्ली)

INSTITUTE OF COOPERATIVE MANAGEMENT, JAIPUR

(An Institution of National Council for Cooperative Training, New Delhi) (An Autonomous Society Prompted by Ministry of Agriculture & Farmer Welfare)

10-बी, ब्लॉक-ए, झालाना संस्थानिक क्षेत्र, जयपुर-302004

दूरभाष:- 0141-2711062, 2711776 फैक्स:- 0141-2711062

E-Mail: icmjpr@gmail.com, Website: icmjaipur.in

SCHEME AND SYLLABUS OF CERTIFICATE PROGRAMME ON GENERAL AWARENESS

(12 WEEKS DURATION)

1.	Title of the Course	Certificate Programme on General Awaren	ness		
2.	Duration	12 Weeks			
3.	Intake Capacity	40 Participants			
4.	Objective	 Programme by the experts of their respective field, in order to assist aspirants to develop the clear and basic fundamentals of the subject To assist the aspirants to frame an accurate and separate strategy 			
5.	Training Fees	and plan at every level of examination Rs. 12,000/- per participants			
5.	Course Curriculum	Rs. 12,000/- per participants			
S.No	Course Title		Units	No. of Sessions	Marks
1.	Religious Movem and Medieval India History of Modern 1965 A.D: Signific Indian National Mimportant contribution of the country. Socio-religious reform Post-Independence Accession of prince the states. History of Modern World Modern War of A.D.) and Industria Imperialism and columpact of World	lus Civilization to British Era. ents and religious philosophy in Ancient a. India from beginning of 19th Century to ant events, personalities and issues. Movement- its various stages & streams, tors and contribution from different parts form movements in 19th and 20th century. consolidation and reorganisation — sely states & Linguistic reorganisation of corld (up to 1950A.D.) eformation. Independence, French Revolution (1789) I Revolution. onialism in Asia and Africa.	1	40	100
2. Vin	 Agricultural reforms Trends in Industria Finance. Liberaliza economic reforms. I Inflation, Prices and Centre-State finan Commission. Fiscal Act and fiscal reform 	Sector- Industrial Policy and Industrial ation, Globalization, Privatization and infrastructure and economic growth. demand/supply management. cial relations and Latest Finance Responsibility & Budget Management	1	40	100

	내내가 다 가는 사람들이 되었다.			
	Subsidies- cash transfer and other related issues. Trends in			
113	revenue and expenditure.			
13.5	• Role of Government in economic activities. Private, Public			V 1
12.14	and Merit Goods.			
	• Social Sector- poverty, unemployment and inequality.			
1	Healthcare and Education Policy. Problem of regulatory			
	effectiveness. Redefining the role of state in economic	* * .		Mar II
	development and an employment oriented growth strategy.			
3.	General Science & Technology	1	40	100
٥.		1	40	100
	Chemistry in everyday life; States of Matter; Atomic Standard Matellanda Matellanda Matellandian			
	Structure; Metal, Non- Metal and Metalloids, Metallurgical			
	Principles and methods, Important ores and alloys; Acid, Base			ib-
	and Salts, concept of pH and Buffers; Important Drugs			
	(Synthetic and Natural), Antioxidants, Preservatives,			1
	Insecticides, Pesticides, Fungicides, Herbicides, Fertilizers,			
	Binders and Sweeteners; Carbon, its compounds and their			100
	domestic and industrial applications; Radioactivity- concepts	39.39		
	and applications.			
	• Physics in everyday life; Gravitation; Human eye and	100		1.
	Defects; Heat; Static and Current Electricity; Magnetism,			
	Electro-Magnetism, Sound and Electro-Magnetic Waves,	6		
	Magnetic resonance imaging and Nuclear magnetic			
	resonance; Nuclear fission and Fusion.	10.00		
3.7	The Cell; Control and Coordination, Reproductive, Excretory,			
	Respiratory, Circulatory and Digestive systems in Human	10.00		
	being; Blood groups, Composition and Functions of blood;	9.10.50		
	Hormones; Genetics and Lifestyle Diseases; Human diseases-			
	Communicable and Non-communicable, Endemic, Epidemic,			
	Pandemic their Diagnosis and Control, Immunization and	1 4 1 1 1		
	Vaccination; Drugs and Alcohol abuse. Plant parts and their			
		- 11		
	functions, Plant nutrition, Plant growth regulators, Sexual and			
	asexual reproduction in plants, Important medicinal plants	200		
	with special reference to Rajasthan; Organic farming;			
	Biotechnology and its applications.			
	Basic computer science; Networking and types; Analogue and			
	digital telecommunication; Frequency spectrum; Mobile			
	telephony, Recent developments in information and	23 a 1		13.4
1	communication technology- Artificial intelligence; Big data,			
	Cloud computing, Internet of things, Crypto currency, OTT			
138	platforms and Social media and their impacts; IT industry in			
	India, Digital India initiatives.	11.		
	Contribution of Indian Scientists in Science and Technology,			100
	Scientific and technological advancements- Robotics,			
	Machine learning, Augmented reality, Nanotechnology,	200		
	RFID, Quantum computing etc, Development of science and			
	technology in Rajasthan, Government policies related to	378 (3		
(iii	Science and Technology.			
-34	Space technology- Indian space programme, Satellites and			
	their orbits, various launch vehicles; Remote sensing.	- 11		
45	Defence technology- Missiles, Indian missile programme,			the second
	Chemical and Biological weapons.			

No. of the second

/				
A.	General Knowledge and General Studies	1	40	100
	Constitution of India: Framing, Features, Amendments, Basic			
16	Structure.			
Charles by 1	• Ideological Contents: Preamble, Fundamental Rights,			
NN I	Directive Principles of State Policy, Fundamental Duties.			
EVE	Institutional Framework- I: Parliamentary System, President,			
	Prime Minister and Council of Ministers, Parliament.			
		4		
	Institutional Framework- II: Federalism, Centre-State			
	relations, Supreme Court, High Courts, Judicial Review,		i	
	Judicial Activism.			
	• Institutional Framework- III: Election Commission of India,			
	Comptroller and Auditor General, Union Public Service			
	Commission, NITI Aayog, Central Vigilance Commission,		1000	
	Central Information Commission, National Human Rights			
	Commission.			
	Political Dynamics: Role of Caste, Religion, Class, Ethnicity,			
	Language and Gender in Indian Politics, Political Parties and	S 44.45		
	Electoral Behaviour, Civil Society and Political Movement,			
	Issues related to National Integrity and Security, Potential	3 3		
	areas of Socio-Political conflicts.			
	• State Politics of Rajasthan: Party System, Political			
	Demography, Different phases of Political competition in			
	Rajasthan, Panchayati Raj and Urban self Government	V-7 115		
	Institutions.	1.1		
	• Emerging World Order in the post Cold War era, USA's			
	hegemony and its resistance, UN and Regional Organizations,			
	Dynamics of International Economy, International Terrorism			
	and Environmental issues.			
	Foreign Policy of India: Evolution, Determinants, India's		3 4 3 4 7	
	relations with USA, China, Russia, European Union and			
	Neighbouring Countries, India's role in UN, NAM, BRICS,		2.	
	G- 20, G- 77 and SAARC.			
	Geo-political and Strategic issues in South Asia, South East			
	Asia, West Asia and Far- East and their impact on India.			
	Current Affairs: Current events, persons and places of			
	Rajasthan, National and international importance, recent			
-	activities related to games and sports.	1	20	50
5.	Law & Behavior	1	20	50
	Law			
	• Concepts of Law: Ownership and Possession, Personality,			
	Liability, Rights and Duties.			
	• Contemporary Legal Issues: Right to Information,		STATE THE	
	Information Technology Law including cyber crimes			
	(concepts, purpose, prospects), Intellectual Property Rights			<u> </u>
	(concepts, types, purpose).			
	• Crimes against Women and Children: Domestic Violence,			1
	Sexual Harassment at work place, The Protection of Children			
	from Sexual Offences Act, 2012, Laws related to child labour.			Milk
	• The Maintenance and Welfare of Parents and Senior Citizens			
	Act, 2007.			

	Behavior					
te	 Intelligence: intelligence, () Personality: and Assessme Learning and memory, Caus Stress and 	Cognitive intelligence, Social and Emotions Cultural intelligence, Spiritual intelligence. Traits and Types, Determinants of personality of personality. d Motivation: Styles of learning, Models of the ses of forgetting. Assessment of motivation. Management: Nature, Types, Sources fects, Stress Management, Promotion of Mentagement.	y f			
6.	Reasoning Puzzles & Seating Arrangements, Direction Sense, Blood Relation, Syllogism, Order and Ranking, Coding-Decoding.		1	20	50	
	Total		f			
7.	Interpersonal		6	200	500	
	Class Room Training			12 Weeks		
	Utilization			12	1) = 10	
	Total training weeks				314 11 (1)	
	Total in Class Room Training			12		
	Approx working days (12 weeks x 5 days)			12		
	Gazetted Holiday's (Approx)			60 days		
	Joining/Relieving		-	03 days		
	Examination			03 days		
	Available Days for Session		1-10-10-10	04 days		
	Available Sessions (50 x 4) (1 session 65 Minutes)			50 days		
8.	Eligibly	Graduate or Equivalent Higher Degree		200 Sessions		
9.	Pedagogy	Class Room Sessions, Presentations, Group Class Tests	sions, Presentations, Group Discussions, Quiz, Games &			
10.	Assessment and	Term End Examination	100%	000/		
	Evaluation:	Total	100%			
		6 Subjects will have				
11.	Categorization	For Participant of the Resettlement Course categorization is as per				
		the DGR Guidel	irse categ	orization is	as per	
	80% and Above		0			
		700/ but bala 000/	A			
		600/ 1 1 1 700/	B			
		500/1 /1 / 1 / 600/	С			
		400/ hart 1 1 500/	D			
		Dalam A	E E			